## CLAIMS:

1. A method of inhibiting cytokine or biological activity of MIF comprising contacting MIF with a cytokine or biological activity inhibiting effective amount of a compound of formula (I), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof

$$R_{5}$$
 $R_{6}$ 
 $R_{7}$ 
 $R_{8}$ 
 $R_{1}$ 

wherein

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Y is O, NR<sub>9</sub> or  $S(O)_q$ ,

 $R_1 \quad \text{is selected from hydrogen,} \quad C_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkyl,} \quad -(CR_{10}R_{10^{\prime}})_n\text{halo,} \quad -(CR_{10}R_{10^{\prime}})_n\text{OR}_{11}, \\ -(CR_{10}R_{10^{\prime}})_n\text{-SR}_{11}, \quad -(CR_{10}R_{10^{\prime}})_n\text{-N}(R_{12})_2, \quad -(CR_{10}R_{10^{\prime}})_n\text{S}(\text{O})R_{11}, \quad -(CR_{10}R_{10^{\prime}})_n\text{S}(\text{O})_2R_{11}, \\ -(CR_{10}R_{10^{\prime}})_n\text{-S}(\text{O})_3R_{11}, \quad -(CR_{10}R_{10^{\prime}})_n\text{C}(\text{O})R_{13}, \quad -(CR_{10}R_{10^{\prime}})_n\text{-C}(=NR_{14})R_{15} \text{ or } -(CR_{10}R_{10^{\prime}})_nR_{16}; \\ -(CR_{10}R_{10^{\prime}})_nR_{10^{\prime}}, \quad -(CR_{10}R_{10^{\prime}}, R_{10^{\prime}})_nR_{10^{\prime}}, \quad -(CR_{10}R_{10^{\prime}}, R_{10^{\prime}})_nR_{10^{\prime}}, \quad -(CR_{10$ 

$$\begin{split} R_2 \ \ &\text{is selected from hydrogen,} \ \ C_{1\text{-}20}\text{alkyl}, \ \ C_{2\text{-}20}\text{alkenyl,} \ \ C_{2\text{-}20}\text{alkynyl,} \ \ \ \text{-}(CR_{10}R_{10})_mOR_{17}, \\ -&(CR_{10}R_{10})_mSR_{17}, \quad \text{-}(CR_{10}R_{10})_mNR_{18}R_{19}, \quad \text{-}(CR_{10}R_{10})_mS(O)R_{20}, \quad \text{-}(CR_{10}R_{10})_mS(O)_2R_{20}, \\ -&(CR_{10}R_{10})_mC(O)R_{20}, \ \text{-}(CR_{10}R_{10})_mC(S)R_{20}, \ \text{-}(CR_{10}R_{10})_mC(=NR_{11})R_{15} \ \text{or -}(CR_{10}R_{10})_mR_{16}; \end{split}$$

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 $R_3$ ,  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl, - $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_nN(R_{14})_2$ , - $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_nOR_{14}$ , - $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_nSR_{14}$  or - $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_n$ halo;

R<sub>6</sub> is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -C(O)C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -C(O)N(R<sub>9</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, -C(S)N(R<sub>9</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, -C(

 $R_7$  and  $R_8$  are independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-3}$ alkynyl or  $-(CR_{10}R_{10})_nR_{22}$ ;

5 Each R<sub>9</sub> is independently selected from H or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

Each  $R_{10}$  and  $R_{10'}$  is independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkynyl, halogen,  $OR_{11}$ ,  $SR_{11}$ ,  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy,  $CO_2R_{14}$ ,  $N(R_{14})_2$ , -CN,  $NO_2$ , aryl or heterocyclyl;

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R<sub>11</sub> is hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

Each  $R_{12}$  is independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, NH-C(=NR<sub>14</sub>)R<sub>15</sub>, C(O)R<sub>14</sub> or C(S)R<sub>14</sub>;

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 $R_{13}$  is hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $OR_{14}$ ,  $SR_{14}$  or  $N(R_{14})_2$ ;

Each R<sub>14</sub> is independently selected from hydrogen or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl;

20  $R_{15}$  is  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$ alkyl) or  $N(C_{1-3}$ alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $OR_{23}$  or  $SR_{23}$ ;

R<sub>16</sub> is hydroxy, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, SH, SC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, halo, C(O)R<sub>31</sub>, C(R<sub>24</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, CN, aryl or heterocyclyl;

- 25  $R_{17}$  is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-20}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-20}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-20}$ alkynyl,  $(CR_{26}R_{26})_sR_{27}$ ,  $C(O)R_{25}$ ,  $CO_2R_{25}$ ,  $C(S)R_{25}$ ,  $C(S)OR_{25}$ ,  $S(O)_2R_{25}$ ,  $[C(O)CH(R_{29})NH]_r-R_{23}$  or  $[sugar]_r$ ;
- $R_{18}$  and  $R_{19}$  are independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-20}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-20}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-20}$ alkynyl,  $(CR_{26}R_{26})_sR_{27}$ ,  $C(O)R_{25}$ ,  $C(S)R_{25}$ ,  $S(O)R_{25}$ ,  $S(O)_2R_{25}$ ,  $[C(O)CH(R_{29})NH]_r-R_{23}$ ,  $[Sugar]_r$ ,  $C(=NR_{23})NH_2$  or  $NH-C(=NR_{23})NH_2$ ;

 $R_{20}$  is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-20}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-20}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-20}$ alkynyl,  $OR_{28}$ ,  $SR_{28}$ ,  $N(R_{28})_2$ ,  $[NH-CHR_{29}C(O)]_r-OR_{23}$ ,  $[sugar]_r$  or  $(CR_{26}R_{26})_sR_{27}$ ;

5  $R_{21}$  is  $OR_{28}$ ,  $SR_{28}$ , halo or  $N(R_{25})_2$ ;

R<sub>22</sub> is halo, CO<sub>2</sub>H, SO<sub>3</sub>H, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, SO<sub>3</sub>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C(R<sub>24</sub>)<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>23</sub> is hydrogen or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl;

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Each R<sub>24</sub> is independently selected from hydrogen, Cl or F;

Each  $R_{25}$  is independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-20}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-20}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-20}$ alkynyl, aryl or  $(CR_{26}R_{26})_sR_{27}$ ;

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Each  $R_{26}$  and  $R_{26'}$  is independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkynyl, halogen, hydroxy,  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy,  $CO_2H$ ,  $CO_2C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$ alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$ alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CN,  $NO_2$ , aryl or heteroaryl;

20 R<sub>27</sub> is hydroxy, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, SH, SC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, halo, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(O)R<sub>31</sub>, aryl or heterocyclyl;

Each  $R_{28}$  is independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-20}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-20}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-20}$ alkynyl or  $(CR_{26}R_{26'})_sR_{30}$ ;

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R<sub>29</sub> is the characterising group of an amino acid;

 $R_{30}$  is halogen, hydroxy,  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$ alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$ alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $C(O)R_{31}$ , aryl or heterocyclyl;

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 $R_{31}$  is  $C_{1\text{-}3}$ alkyl, OH,  $C_{1\text{-}3}$ alkoxy, aryl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl or heterocyclyloxy;

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q is 0, 1, 2 or 3; n is 0, 1, 2 or 3; m is 0 or 1 to 20; r is 1 to 5; s is 1 to 10; and t is 1 or 2;

wherein an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkyloxy, aryl or heterocyclyl group may be optionally substituted one or more times.

- 2. A method according to claim 1 wherein Y is O, NH, NC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, or S(O)<sub>q</sub> wherein q is 0, 1, 2 or 3.
- 3. A method according to claim 1 wherein R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SH, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CG<sub>2</sub>H, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>C(O)NH<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>C(O)NHC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>C(O)N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>H or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, where n is 0, 1, 2 or 3.
- A method according to claim 1 wherein R<sub>2</sub> is selected from C<sub>2-20</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-20</sub>alkenyl, 20 4.  $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mOH$ ,  $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mOC_{1-20}$ alkyl,  $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mOC_{2-20}$ alkenyl,  $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mOC(O)C_{1-20}$  $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mOC(O)C_{2-20}$ alkenyl,  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_mOC(O)$ aryl, 20alkyl,  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_{m}NHC_{1-20}$ alkyl,  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_{m}O[C(O)CH(R_{29})NH]_{r}-H,$  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_mO[sugar]_r$  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_mN(C_{1-20}alkyl)_2$ ,  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_mNHC_{2-20}$ alkenyl,  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_mN(C_{2-20}alkenyl)_2$ ,  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_mNHC(O)C_{1-20}alkyl,$ 25  $(CR_{10}R_{10}mN(C_{1-20}alkyl)(C_{2-20}alkenyl),$  $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mNHC(O)$ aryl,  $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mNHC(O)C_{2-20}$ alkenyl,  $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mSO_3H$ ,  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_{m}NH[C(O)CH(R_{29})NH]_{r}-H,$  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_mNH-[sugar]_r$  $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_{m}SO_{3}C_{1-20}alkyl,$  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_{m}SO_{3}C_{2-20}$ alkenyl,  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_{m}C(O)C_{1-20}alkyl,$  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_{m}CO_{2}C_{1-20}$ alkyl,  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_{m}C(O)C_{2-20}$ alkenyl,  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_{m}CO_{2}H$  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_{m}C(O)N(C_{1-}$ 30  $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mCO_2C_{2-20}$ alkenyl,  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_{m}C(O)NHC_{1-20}alkyl,$  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_mC(O)N(C_{2-20}alkenyl)_2$ , 20alkyl)2,  $(CR_{10}R_{10})_mC(O)NHC_{2-20}$ alkenyl,

(CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>10</sub>)mC(O)N(C<sub>1-20</sub>alkyl)(C<sub>2-20</sub>alkenyl), (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>10</sub>)mC(O)[NHCH(R<sub>29</sub>)C(O)]<sub>r</sub>-OH, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>10</sub>)mC(O)[sugar]<sub>r</sub>, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>10</sub>)mhalo, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>10</sub>)mCN, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>10</sub>)mheterocyclyl, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>10</sub>)maryl, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>10</sub>)mNHC(=NH)NH<sub>2</sub>, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>10</sub>)mSO<sub>2</sub>NHC<sub>1-20</sub>alkyl, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>10</sub>)mC(O)O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-10</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H or (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>10</sub>)mC(O)O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-10</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl; wherein each R<sub>10</sub> and R<sub>10</sub> is independently selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkynyl, halogen, OH, OC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, CO<sub>2</sub>H, CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NHC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, -N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, aryl or heterocyclyl; R<sub>29</sub> is the characterising group of an amino acid, m is 0 or an integer from 1 to 20 and r is an integer from 1 to 5;

- 5. A method according to claim 1 wherein R<sub>3</sub> is selected from hydrogen, halo, NH<sub>2</sub>, OH, OC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, SH or SC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl.
- 6. A method according to claim 1 wherein R<sub>4</sub> is selected from hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>.

  3alkyl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NHC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OC<sub>1</sub>.

  3alkyl and n is 0, 1, 2 or 3.
  - 7. A method according to claim 1 wherein R<sub>5</sub> is selected from hydrogen, halogen, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SH or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl and n is 0, 1, 2 or 3.

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- 8. A method according to claim 1 wherein R<sub>6</sub> is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C(O)C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C(O)NH(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl), C(O)N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(S)NH(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl) or C(S)N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>.
- A method according to claim 1 wherein R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub>Y taken together form -X-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub> Wherein X and Z are independently selected from O and S and t is 1 or 2.
  - 10. A method according to claim 1 wherein R<sub>7</sub> is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>H, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>halo, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>halo, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>C(halo)<sub>2</sub> or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>C(halo)<sub>3</sub> and n is 0, 1, 2 or 3.

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- 11. A method according to claim 1 wherein  $R_8$  is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1.3}$ alkyl, or  $(CH_2)_nR_{22}$ , wherein  $R_{22}$  is halo,  $CH_2$ halo,  $CH(halo)_2$  or  $C(halo)_3$  and n is 0, 1, 2 or 3.
- 12. A method according to claim 1 wherein at least one of  $R_{10}$  and  $R_{10}$  in each 5 ( $CR_{10}R_{10}$ ) is hydrogen.
  - 13. A method according to claim 1 wherein at least one of  $R_{26}$  and  $R_{26}$  in each  $(CR_{26}R_{26})$  is hydrogen.
- 10 14. A method according to claim 1 wherein

Y is O,  $NR_9$  or  $S(O)_q$ ;

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 $R_1$  is hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $-(CH_2)_nC(O)R_{13}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_nS(O)_3R_{11}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_nNH_2$ ,  $-(CH_2)_nOH$ ,  $-(CH_2)_nSH$  or  $-(CH_2)_nCF_3$ , where  $R_{11}$  and  $R_{13}$  are defined in claim 1;

 $R_2$  is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-20}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-20}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-20}$ alkynyl, - $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mOR_{17}$ , - $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mSR_{17}$ , - $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mNR_{18}R_{19}$ , - $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mS(O)R_{20}$ , - $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mS(O)_2R_{20}$ , - $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mC(O)R_{20}$ , - $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mC(S)R_{20}$ , - $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mC(=NR_{11})R_{15}$  or - $(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mR_{16}$ , where m,  $R_{10}$ ,  $R_{10'}$ ,  $R_{11}$ ,  $R_{15}$ ,  $R_{16}$ ,  $R_{17}$ ,  $R_{18}$ ,  $R_{19}$ ,  $R_{20}$  are as defined in claim 1;

R<sub>3</sub> is selected from hydrogen, halo, amino, OH, OC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or SH;

 $R_4$  is selected from hydrogen, halogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $(CH_2)_nNH_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_nNHC_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $(CH_2)_nNH(C_{1-3}$ alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $(CH_2)_nOH$  or  $(CH_2)_nOC_{1-3}$ alkyl;

 $R_5$  is selected from hydrogen, halogen,  $(CH_2)_nNH_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_nOH$ ,  $(CH_2)_nOC_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $(CH_2)_nSH$  or  $(CH_2)_nSC_{1-3}$ alkyl;

R<sub>6</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, CH<sub>2</sub>halo, C(O)NH(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl), C(O)N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(S)NH(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl) or C(S)N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>OH or CH<sub>2</sub>SH;

or R<sub>5</sub> and YR<sub>6</sub> together form X-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>-Z wherein X and Z are independently selected from O and S;

- 5 R<sub>7</sub> is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>H, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>halo, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>halo, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CH(halo)<sub>2</sub> or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>C(halo)<sub>3</sub>,
  - R<sub>8</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>halo, and

q and n are 0, 1, 2 or 3.

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- 15. A method according to claim 1 wherein
- 15 Y is O, NR<sub>9</sub> or S(O)<sub>q</sub>;

 $R_1$  is hydrogen,  $(CH_2)_nCO_2H$ ,  $(CH_2)_nCO_2C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $(CH_2)_nSO_3H$ ,  $(CH_2)_nNH_2$ ,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $(CH_2)_nOH$  or  $(CH_2)_nCF_3$ ;

- 20  $R_2$  is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-20}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-20}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-20}$ alkynyl,  $-(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mOR_{17}$ ,  $-(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mSR_{17}$ ,  $-(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mNR_{18}R_{19}$ ,  $-(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mS(O)R_{20}$ ,  $-(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mS(O)_2R_{20}$ ,  $-(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mC(O)R_{20}$ ,  $-(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mC(S)R_{20}$ ,  $-(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mC(S)R_{20}$ ,  $-(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mC(S)R_{20}$ ,  $-(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mC(S)R_{20}$ ,  $-(CR_{10}R_{10'})_mC(S)R_{20}$ , are as defined in claim 1;
- 25 R<sub>3</sub> is selected from hydrogen, OH or OC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl,

 $R_4$  is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$  alkyl,  $(CH_2)_nNH_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_nOH$  or  $(CH_2)_nOC_{1-3}$  alkyl;

 $R_5$  is hydrogen,  $(CH_2)_nOH$  or  $(CH_2)_nOC_{1-3}$  alkyl;

R<sub>6</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, CH<sub>2</sub>halo, C(O)NH(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl), C(O)N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(S)NH(C<sub>1</sub>-

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3alkyl) or C(S)N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>OH or CH<sub>2</sub>SH;

or R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are taken together to form -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>-O where t is 1 or 2;

5 R<sub>7</sub> is selected from hydrogen, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>H, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>halo

R<sub>8</sub> is hydrogen, CH<sub>3</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub> or CCl<sub>3</sub>;

and q and n are 0, 1, 2 or 3.

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16. A method according to claim 1 wherein

Y is O,  $NR_9$  or  $S(O)_q$ ;

15 R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen,  $(CH_2)_nCO_2H$ ,  $(CH_2)_nCO_2C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $(CH_2)_nSO_3H$ ,  $(CH_2)_nNH_2$ ,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $(CH_2)_nOH$  or  $(CH_2)_nCF_3$ ;

 $R_2 \text{ is selected from hydrogen, } C_{1\text{-}20} \text{alkyl, } C_{2\text{-}20} \text{alkenyl, } -(CR_{10}R_{10'})_m \text{OH, } -(CR_{10}R_{10'})_m \text{NHC}_{1\text{-}20} \text{alkyl, } -(CR_{10}R_{10'})_m \text{NH}[C(O)CH(R_{29})\text{NH}] - H, -(CR_{10}R_{10'})_m \text{SO}_3 \text{H, } -(CR_{10}R_{10'})_m \text{SO}_3 \text{C}_{1\text{-}20} \text{alkyl, } -(CR_{10}R_{10'})_m \text{CO}_2 \text{H, } -(CR_{10}R_{10'})_m \text{CO}_2 \text{C}_{1\text{-}20} \text{alkyl, } -(CR_{10}R_{10'})_m \text{CO}_2 \text{H, } -(CR_{10}R_{10'})_m \text{CO}_2 \text{C}_{1\text{-}20} \text{alkyl, } -(CR_{10}R_{10'})_m \text{CO}_2 \text{C}_{1\text{-}20} \text{alkyl, } -(CR_{10}R_{10'})_m \text{Andle, } -(CR_{10}R_{10'})_m \text{aryl, } -(CR_{10}R_{10'})_m \text{heterocyclyl, } -(CR_{10}R_{10'})_m \text{NHC}(=\text{NH}) \text{NH}_2, -(CR_{10}R_{10'})_m \text{SO}_2 \text{NHC}_{1\text{-}20} \text{alkyl, } \text{CO}_2 \text{CH}_2)_{1\text{-}10} \text{CO}_2 \text{H } \text{ or } \text{CO}_2 \text{CH}_2)_{1\text{-}10} \text{CO}_2 \text{C}_{1\text{-}3} \text{alkyl, where m, } R_{10} \text{ and } R_{10'} \text{ are as defined in claim 1;}$ 

25 R<sub>3</sub> is selected from hydrogen, OH or OC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl,

R<sub>4</sub> is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl;

 $R_5$  is hydrogen,  $(CH_2)_nOH$  or  $(CH_2)_nOC_{1-3}$  alkyl;

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R<sub>6</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, CH<sub>2</sub>halo, C(O)NH(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl), C(O)N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(S)NH(C<sub>1</sub>-

3alkyl) or C(S)N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>OH or CH<sub>2</sub>SH;

or R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are taken together to form -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>-O where t is 1 or 2;

5 R<sub>7</sub> is selected from hydrogen, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>H, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>halo;

R<sub>8</sub> is hydrogen, CH<sub>3</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub> or CCl<sub>3</sub>;

and q and n are 0, 1, 2 or 3.

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17. A method according to claim 1 wherein the compound of formula (I) is a compound of formula (II):

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wherein Y is selected from -O-, -NH-, -NC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl- or -S(O)<sub>q</sub>-;  $R_{101} \text{ is selected hydrogen, } C_{1\text{-6}alkyl}, CO_2H \text{ or } CO_2C_{1\text{-6}alkyl};$ 

R<sub>102</sub> is selected from C<sub>1-20</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-20</sub>alkenyl, CO<sub>2</sub>H, CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-20</sub>alkyl, CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>2-20</sub>alkenyl, CO<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>R<sub>109</sub>, SO<sub>3</sub>H, SO<sub>3</sub>C<sub>1-20</sub>alkyl, SO<sub>3</sub>C<sub>2-20</sub>alkenyl, SO<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>R<sub>109</sub>, C(O)C<sub>1-20</sub>alkyl or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>R<sub>110</sub>;

R<sub>103</sub> is selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, methoxy or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl;

R<sub>104</sub> is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub> or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH;

R<sub>105</sub> is selected from hydrogen, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl;

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 $R_{106}$  is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $C(O)NH_2$ ,  $C(O)NH(C_{1-3}$ alkyl),  $C(O)N(C_{1-3}$ alkyl),  $C(S)NH_2$ ,  $C(S)NH(C_{1-3}$ alkyl) or  $C(S)N(C_{1-3}$ alkyl);

R<sub>107</sub> is selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, halo, amino, nitro, cyano, SO<sub>3</sub>H or CO<sub>2</sub>H;

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R<sub>108</sub> is selected from hydrogen or methyl;

 $R_{109}$  is selected from halogen, hydroxy,  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$ alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$ alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CO_2H$  or  $CO_2C_{1-3}$ alkyl;

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R<sub>110</sub> is selected from hydroxy, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, halo, CO<sub>2</sub>H, CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, CN, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl) or N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

n is 0 or an integer from 1 to 3;

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m is 0 or an integer from 1 to 20; and

wherein an alkyl, alkenyl or alkyloxy, group may be optionally substituted one or more times.

- 18. A method according to claim 1 wherein the compound of formula (I) is selected from the group consisting of:
  - 6,7-dihydroxy-2-naphthalene
  - 6,7-dimethoxy-2-naphthalene
- 30 6,7-dimethoxy-2-acetonoaphthone
  - 6,7-Dimethoxy-2-naphthoic acid

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2-carboxy-6-hydroxynaphthalene-5-sulfonic acid 6,7-dihydroxy-2-naphthalenesulfonic acid Pentyl 6,7-dihydroxy-2-naphthalenesulfonate 6-hydroxy-2-naphthalenesulfonic acid 6-methylamino-2-naphthalenesulfonic acid 5 2,3-dihydronaphtho[2,3-b][1,4]dioxine-7-carboxylic acid Methyl 6-hydroxy-2-naphthoate dodecanyl-6-hydroxy-2-naphthoate [(6-hydroxy-2-naphthyl)carbonyl]oxyhexanoic acid (6-methoxy-6-oxohexyl)-6-hydroxy-2-naphthoate 10 6-hydroxy-5-nitro-2-naphthoic acid Ethyl 1,6-dihydroxy-2-naphthoate Ethyl 6-[(dimethylamino)carbonyl]sulfanyl-1-methoxy-2-naphthoate Ethyl 6-hydroxy-1-methoxy-2-naphthoate Ethyl 6-[(dimethylamino)thiocarbonyl]oxy-1-methoxy-2-naphthoate 15 7-methoxy-3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic acid Methyl 7-methoxy-3-hydroxy-2-naphthoate Methyl 7-methoxy-3-methyl-2-naphthoate 7-methoxy-3-methyl-2-naphthoic acid 5-bromo-6-methoxy-2-methyl-3-naphthoic acid 20 6-hydroxy-[2-(1-pentylamino)methyl]-3-naphthoic acid Methyl 3-bromomethyl-7-hydroxy-2-naphthoate Methyl 7-methoxy-2-naphthoate Methyl 7-hydroxy-2-naphthoate Methyl 7-hydroxy-8-nitro-2-naphthoate 25 Methyl 6-hydroxy-5-nitro-2naphthoate Methyl 6-methoxy-5-nitro-2-naphthoate Methyl 5-amino-6-methoxy-2-naphthoate Methyl 6-methoxy-2-naphthoate 2-hydroxymethyl-6-methoxynaphthalene 30 2-bromomethyl-6-methoxy-naphthalene

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2-cyanomethyl-6-methoxynaphthalene
2-(1-cyano-1-hex-5-enyl)-6-methoxynaphthalene
2-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)hept-6-enoic acid
Methyl 2-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)hept-6-enoate
7-hydroxy-2-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)heptanoic acid
Methyl 6-methoxy-8-methyl-2-naphthoate ester
6-hydroxy-2-naphthanoic acid
6-methoxy-α-methyl-2-naphthalene acetic acid
2,6-naphthalene disulfonic acid.

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19. A method of treating, preventing or diagnosing a disease or condition wherein MIF cytokine or biological activity is implicated comprising the administration of a treatment, prevention or diagnostic effective amount of a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof to a subject in need thereof.

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- 20. A method according to claim 19 wherein the disease or condition is selected from autoimmune diseases, solid or haemopoeitic tumours, or chronic or acute inflammatory diseases.
- 21. A method according to claim 19 wherein the disease or condition selected from the group comprising rheumatic diseases, spondyloarthropathies, crystal arthropathies, Lyme disease, connective tissue diseases, vasculitides, glomerulonephritis, interstitial nephritis, inflammatory bowel disease, peptic ulceration, gastritis, oesophagitis, liver disease, autoimmune diseases, pulmonary diseases, cancers whether primary or metastatic, atherosclerosis, disorders of the hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis, brain disorders, corneal disease, iritis, iridocyclitis, cataracts, uveitis, sarcoidosis, diseases characterised by modified angiogenesis, endometrial function, psoriasis, endotoxic (septic) shock, exotoxic (septic) shock, infective (true septic) shock, other complications of infection, pelvic

inflammatory disease, transplant rejection, allergies, allergic rhinitis, bone diseases, atopic dermatitis, UV(B)-induced dermal cell activation, malarial complications, diabetes

mellitus, pain, inflammatory consequences of trauma or ischaemia, testicular dysfunctions

and wound healing.

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- 22. A method according to claim 21 wherein the disease or condition is selected from the group consisting of rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, psoriatic arthritis, ankylosing spondylitis, reactive arthritis, Reiter's syndrome, gout, pseudogout, calcium pyrophosphate deposition disease, systemic lupus erythematosus, systemic sclerosis, polymyositis, dermatomyositis, Sjögren's syndrome, polyarteritis nodosa, Wegener's granulomatosis, Churg-Strauss syndrome, ulcerative colitis, Crohn's disease, cirrhosis, hepatitis, diabetes mellitus, thyroiditis, myasthenia gravis, sclerosing cholangitis, primary biliary cirrhosis, diffuse interstitial lung diseases, pneumoconioses, fibrosing alveolitis, asthma, bronchitis, bronchiectasis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, adult respiratory distress syndrome, colon cancer, lymphoma, lung cancer, melanoma, prostate cancer, breast cancer, stomach cancer, leukemia, cervical cancer and metastatic cancer, ischaemic heart disease, myocardial infarction, stroke, peripheral vascular disease, Alzheimer's disease, multiple sclerosis, diabetic retinopathy, parturition, endometriosis, osteoporosis, Paget's disease, sunburn and skin cancer.
- 23. A method according to claim 19 wherein the subject is a human subject.
- 20 24. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, diluent or excipient.
- 25. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24 further comprising a glucocorticoid.
  - 26. A method of treating or preventing a disease or condition wherein MIF cytokine or biological activity is implicated comprising administering to a mammal a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof and a second therapeutic agent.

- 27. A method according to claim 26 wherein the second therapeutic agent is a glucocorticoid.
- 28. A method of prophylaxis or treatment of a disease or condition for which treatment with a glucocorticoid is indicated, said method comprising administering to a mammal a glucocorticoid and a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof.
- 29. A method of treating steroid-resistant diseases comprising administering to a mammal a glucocorticoid and a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof.
  - 30. A method of enhancing the effect of a glucocorticoid in mammals comprising administering a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, simultaneously, separately or sequentially with said glucocorticoid.
  - 31. A compound of formula (II) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof:

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(II)

wherein Y is selected from -O-, -NH-, -NC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl- or -S(O)<sub>q</sub>-;

R<sub>101</sub> is selected hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, CO<sub>2</sub>H or CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

R<sub>102</sub> is selected from C<sub>1-20</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-20</sub>alkenyl, CO<sub>2</sub>H, CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-20</sub>alkyl, CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>2-20</sub>alkenyl, CO<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>R<sub>109</sub>, SO<sub>3</sub>H, SO<sub>3</sub>C<sub>1-20</sub>alkyl, SO<sub>3</sub>C<sub>2-20</sub>alkenyl, SO<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>R<sub>109</sub>, C(O)C<sub>1-20</sub>alkyl or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>R<sub>110</sub>;

R<sub>103</sub> is selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, methoxy or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl;

10 R<sub>104</sub> is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub> or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH;

R<sub>105</sub> is selected from hydrogen, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl;

R<sub>106</sub> is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C(O)NH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)NH(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl), C(O)N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(S)NH<sub>2</sub>, C(S)NH(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl) or C(S)N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

R<sub>107</sub> is selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, halo, amino, nitro, cyano, SO<sub>3</sub>H or CO<sub>2</sub>H;

R<sub>108</sub> is selected from hydrogen or methyl;

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 $R_{109}$  is selected from halogen, hydroxy,  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy,  $NH_2$ ,  $NH(C_{1-3}$ alkyl),  $N(C_{1-3}$ alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $CO_2H$  or  $CO_2C_{1-3}$ alkyl;

R<sub>110</sub> is selected from hydroxy, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, halo, CO<sub>2</sub>H, CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, CN, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl) or N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

n is 0 or an integer from 1 to 3;

m is 0 or an integer from 1 to 20; and

wherein an alkyl, alkenyl or alkyloxy, group may be optionally substituted one or more

times.

32. A compound according to claim 31 wherein Y is selected from -O-, -S-, -NH- or SO<sub>3</sub>.

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- 33. A compound according to claim 31 wherein  $R_{101}$  is selected from hydrogen,  $CO_2H$  or  $CO_2C_{1-3}$ alkyl.
- 34. A compound according to claim 31 wherein R<sub>102</sub> is selected from from C<sub>1-20</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-20</sub>alkenyl, CO<sub>2</sub>H, CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-20</sub>alkyl, CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>2-20</sub>alkenyl, CO<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, SO<sub>3</sub>H, SO<sub>3</sub>C<sub>1-20</sub>alkyl, SO<sub>3</sub>C<sub>2-30</sub>alkenyl, SO<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>hydroxy, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>CN or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>halo.
- 35. A compound according to claim 31 wherein  $R_{103}$  is selected from hydrogen, hydroxy or methoxy.
  - 36. A compound according to claim 31 wherein  $R_{104}$  is selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, methyl, NH<sub>2</sub> or CH<sub>2</sub>OH.
- 20 37. A compound according to claim 31 wherein R<sub>105</sub> is selected from hydrogen, hydroxy or methoxy.
  - 38. A compound according to claim 31 wherein R<sub>106</sub> is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C(O)NH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)NH(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl), C(O)N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(S)NH<sub>2</sub>, C(S)NH(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl) or C(S)N(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>.
    - 39. A compound according to claim 31 wherein R<sub>107</sub> is selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, halo, cyano, NH<sub>2</sub>, nitro or SO<sub>3</sub>H.
- 30 40. A compound according to claim 31 wherein  $R_{108}$  is hydrogen.

	41.	A compound of formula (I) selected from the group consisting of
		6,7-dimethoxy-2-acetonoaphthone
		2-carboxy-6-hydroxynaphthalene-5-sulfonic acid
		Pentyl 6,7-dihydroxy-2-naphthalenesulfonate
5		2,3-dihydronaphtho[2,3-b][1,4]dioxine-7-carboxylic acid
		Methyl 6-hydroxy-2-naphthoate
		dodecanyl-6-hydroxy-2-naphthoate
		[(6-hydroxy-2-naphthyl)carbonyl]oxyhexanoic acid
		(6-methoxy-6-oxohexyl)-6-hydroxy-2-naphthoate
10		6-hydroxy-5-nitro-2-naphthoic acid
		Ethyl 1,6-dihydroxy-2-naphthoate
		Ethyl 6-[(dimethylamino)carbonyl]sulfanyl-1-methoxy-2-naphthoate
		Ethyl 6-hydroxy-1-methoxy-2-naphthoate
		Ethyl 6-[(dimethylamino)thiocarbonyl]oxy-1-methoxy-2-naphthoate
15		7-methoxy-3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic acid
		Methyl 7-methoxy-3-hydroxy-2-naphthoate
		Methyl 7-methoxy-3-methyl-2-naphthoate
		7-methoxy-3-methyl-2-naphthoic acid
		5-bromo-6-methoxy-2-methyl-3-naphthoic acid
20		6-hydroxy-[2-(1-pentylamino)methyl]-3-naphthoic acid
		Methyl 3-bromomethyl-7-hydroxy-2-naphthoate
		Methyl 7-methoxy-2-naphthoate
		Methyl 7-hydroxy-2-naphthoate
		Methyl 7-hydroxy-8-nitro-2-naphthoate
25		Methyl 6-hydroxy-5-nitro-2naphthoate
		Methyl 6-methoxy-5-nitro-2-naphthoate
		Methyl 5-amino-6-methoxy-2-naphthoate
		Methyl 6-methoxy-2-naphthoate
		2-hydroxymethyl-6-methoxynaphthalene
30		2-bromomethyl-6-methoxy-naphthalene
		2-cvanomethyl-6-methoxynaphthalene

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2-(1-cyano-1-hex-5-enyl)-6-methoxynaphthalene
2-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)hept-6-enoic acid
Methyl 2-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)hept-6-enoate
7-hydroxy-2-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)heptanoic acid
Methyl 6-methoxy-8-methyl-2-naphthoate ester.